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M.Ed. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2015

First Semester

Common Core Course

EDU 902—ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY—LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

(Regular—2015 Admissions [Two Year])

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. Discuss the principles of Freudian view of Psychoanalysis and state its contribution to education.
- 2. What are the main tenets of Hull's theory of learning? Explain its application in education with suitable examples.
- 3. Why motivation considered as an important factor in learning? Which are the different types of motivation? Comment on any *two* theories of motivation.
- 4. Adolescence is regarded as the stage of identity crisis. Elucidate the term and mention the role of teachers in resolving the crisis.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part B

- 5. Compare S-R theories and congnitive field theories.
- 6. Define learning. What is plateau in learning? How is it formed? Suggest suitable measures to overcome it.
- 7. Compare individual constructivism and social constructivism.
- 8. Describe information processing framework of learning according to Donald Norman.
- 9. What do you mean by 'training of emotions'? Discuss the importance of 'Catharsis'.
- 10. Explain the factors influencing language development.

- 11. What is Humanism? Explain the basic views of Humanists regarding the learner and the learning process.
- 12. What is Inhibition in learning? Differentiate proactive inhibition from retroactive inhibition.
- 13. What is meant by Achievement Motivation? How it is measured?
- 14. Discuss the salient features of Discovery learning.
- 15. What is Insight learning? Illustrate your answer with examples.
- 16. Bring out the significance of Ausubel's meaningful learning theory and to educational significance.

Part C

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 17. What is social learning? List out the factors affecting social learning.
- 18. What is meant by episodic and semantic memory?
- 19. What are the basic laws of Thorndike? What is their application in education?
- 20. What do you mean by transfer of learning?
- 21. What are the steps in problem solving?
- 22. What is cephalocaudal trend in development?
- 23. What are the various types of learning according to Tolman?

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M.Ed. (CBCSS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2016

First Semester

Course 2

902—ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY

(2011—2014 Admissions—Supplementary/Mercy Chance)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Weight: 32

Part A

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries a weight of 4.

- 1. Explain Piaget's theory of cognitive development.
- 2. "Tolman's theory of learning is a bridge between Behaviouristic approach to learning and Cognitive approach to learning." Do you agree? Justify your answer and explain the views of Tolman on learning.
- 3. Explain Gagne's hierarchy of learning and examine its relevance in classroom instruction.
- 4. Define maladjustment. Explain the theory of transactional analysis.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8)$

Part B

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries a weight of 2.

- 5. What is the influence of Educational Psychology on the theory and practice of Education?
- 6. Examine the relative significance of maturation and learning in human development.
- 7. Write a note on the problems of adolescents with special reference to Indian conditions. What remedial measures can be taken to solve them?
- 8. Explain the types of motivation. Mention any two strategies for enhancing motivation in the learner.
- 9. What is E.Q.? What are the characteristics of a person having high Emotional Intelligence?
- 10. Distinguish between Values and Attitudes. Give examples.
- 11. Distinguish between trait and type approaches to personality.
- 12. What are the steps in creative thinking process? Suggest any two techniques to Foster creativity in the learner.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

Part C

Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries a weight of 1.

- 13. What are the different types of guidance?
- 14. What are the principles of Mental Hygiene?
- 15. Explain humanism and the basic views of humanists regarding the learner and the learning process.
- 16. Give a brief description of the biological bases of human behaviour.
- 17. Describe the educational provisions that can be given for differently abled children.
- 18. Describe the process of language development in children. Examine the factors influencing language development.
- 19. Explain Burt's theory of intelligence.
- 20. Describe the characteristics of a democratic leader. How can a democratic leader enchance classroom management ?

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$

Part D

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries a weight of ½.

- 21. List out the scientific characteristics of Educational Psychology.
- 22. Describe the characteristics of an emotionally mature person.
- 23. List out the factors influencing the development of motor skills.
- 24. What is Schema as given by Piaget?
- 25. Suggest two techniques for catering to individual differences in learning.
- 26. Write any two principles of learning according to Gestalt view.
- 27. What are the limitations of intelligence testing?
- 28. Enumerate the factors of meta cognition.
- 29. What is ZPD?
- 30. What is collective unconscious? How does it differ from personal unconscious?
- 31. Distinguish between Real self and Ideal self.
- 32. What are the effects of drug addiction?

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6)$

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M.Ed. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2016

First Semester

Common Core Course

EDU 902—ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY—LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

(Regular/Supplementary)

[2015 Admission onwards (Two Year Course)]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. Compare and contrast Discovery Learning and Meaningful-Receptive Learning.
- 2. What is Humanism? Explain the basic views of Humanists regarding the learner and learning process.
- 3. Explain the needs and problems experienced by an Indian adolsecent. As a teacher, how would you help them in overcoming there problems.
- 4. What are the principles of development? Briefly outline different aspects of development.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part B

- 5. Compare and contrast classical and operant conditioning.
- 6. Explain 'Developmental tasks' with examples.
- 7. Explain Maslow's hierarchy of needs, leading to self actualization.
- 8. Identify and describe the steps in problem solving.
- 9. Briefly discuss Gestatt view on learning.
- 10. Describe the process of information processing.
- 11. Briefly explain Vygotsky's Social Constructivism in Learning.
- 12. Describe Skinner's contribution to the theory of learning.

- 13. Relate the three terms—Assimilation, Accommodation and Equilibriation.
- 14. Explain the views of Erikson regarding Psycho-social development in children.
- 15. What is inhibition in learning? Differentiate proactive inhibition from retroactive inhibition.
- 16. Explain the process and constructive nature of memory.

Part C

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 17. Write any two mnemonic techniques.
- 18. Distinguish in right and illumination.
- 19. Explain Latent Learning with example.
- 20. Is reception learning passive? Comment.
- 21. Elucidate the terms 'needs' and 'Drives'.
- 22. What are the different schedules of Reinforcement?
- 23. What is meant by maturation? How does it differ from learning?

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M.Ed. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2017

First Semester

EDU 902 : ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY-LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

((Two Year Course)—2015 Admission onwards)

[Regular/Supplementary]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. Point out ways in which the case study method can be useful to a teacher. Analyse the essential steps involved in a case study.
- 2. Discuss the major issues and problems faced by adolescents in the present days. Suggest remedial measures.
- 3. Critically evaluate the relevance of behaviourist learning principles in learning and instruction with special reference to major theories.
- 4. Make a comparative analysis of Piaget's and Vygotsky's constructivist perspectives and their implications in learning and curriculum transaction.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part B

- 5. Explain briefly the significance of Gestalt theory of learning.
- 6. Define developmental tasks. List the developmental tasks of adolescents.
- 7. What are motor skills? Point out their importance.
- 8. Discuss the role of reward and punishment in learning.
- 9. Briefly explain the role of motivation in learning.
- 10. Explain the information processing theory of Donald Norman.
- 11. What is problem solving? What are the steps in problem solving? Illustrate with an example.
- 12. Describe the role of family in the social development of a child.

- 13. What are the major causes of forgetting?
- 14. What is the role of teacher in preventing violence among children?
- 15. Explain the factors affecting social learning.
- 16. What are the major theories of transfer of learning? Explain any one of them.

Part C

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 17. Differentiate episodic and semantic memory.
- 18. What do you mean by learning readiness?
- 19. Give any two examples for negative transfer of learning.
- 20. What is mnemonics?
- 21. What are the limitations of experimental method?
- 22. Differentiate longitudinal and cross-sectional approaches in studying development.
- 23. What are the major assumptions of 'structuralism'?

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M.Ed. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018

First Semester

EDU 902: ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY—LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

(Two Year Course—2015 Admission onwards)

[Regular / Supplementary]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 1. Discuss the development tasks of Indian adolescents. How can the teacher help the adolescents to overcome the difficulties of this stage?
- 2. What is motivation? Quoting experimental studies, explain its role in educational process.
- 3. Explain Erickson's stages of psycho-social development and the characteristics associated with them.
- 4. Elucidate the scope of educational psychology in the present educational set up.

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Part B

- 5. Discuss with suitable examples, Gagne's hierarchy of learning.
- 6. Briefly explain the achievement motivation theory of Atkinson.
- 7. Explain different transfer of learning with suitable examples.
- 8. Write a short note on Kolb's learning style model.
- 9. Explain the relevance of case study as a research technique in educational psychology.
- 10. What is insight learning? Illustrate your answer with examples and state its educational implications.
- 11. What are the stages of cognitive process according to Bruner? How is it related to classroom teaching?

- 12. Distinguish between respondent conditioning and operant conditioning.
- 13. As a teacher, what steps will you take to ensure good social relationship among your students?
- 14. State the principles governing patterns of human development.
- 15. Briefly discuss Tolman's purposive behaviourism and its educational implications.
- 16. Give strategies for enhancing memory.

Part C

Answer any five questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 17. Differentiate proactive and retroactive inhibition.
- 18. Specify any four developmental hazards of children.
- 19. What is emotional catharsis?
- 20. What are the limitations of observation method?
- 21. What are the different steps in problem solving?
- 22. What do you mean by Language Acquisition Device (LAD)?
- 23. List out any four psychological needs of adolescents.